

DEMOCRATS' BLAME DEFEAT ON WILSON

President Has Driven Many in
City to G. O. P. Banks,
Leaders Say.

BIG SWEEP STUNS PARTY

Republican Victory Sets a Record in Contests of Two Parties.

Analysis of the vote in Tuesday's election, taken from any angle you wish, indicates that the Democratic organization in New York city is shot to pieces. The more the figures are studied the more marked is the fact that members of the party of President Wilson have turned to the Republican faith.

In one short year there was an overturn from a Democratic plurality of 27,811, which Gov. Alfred E. Smith got over Gov. Charles S. Whitman to a Republican plurality of 1,843. This was the margin by which Representative F. H. La Guardia defeated Robert L. Moran, the Democratic candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen.

There was no personal issue against Mr. Moran. He is the present incumbent of the office and no serious criticism has been directed against his work. Without fusion, for the first time in the history of the Greater City, the Republican party won in a straight fight.

If it should be narrowly argued that the vote on the office of President of the Board of Aldermen and the victory of Henry H. Curran over the Tammany candidate for President of the Borough of Manhattan by 9,000 are not an altogether fair measure of comparison between the Democratic and Republican organization strength, because some Democrats may have voted on these offices to "let the light into the Board of Estimate," the returns on other offices may be taken.

There should be no doubt that the vote for Philip J. McCook, Republican candidate for the Supreme Court, barring some effect that the "Swat the Boss" slogan of the Hearst papers may have had in Manhattan, may be taken as a measure of the straight party vote.

McCook's Cleanest Victory.

McCook defeated Justice Robert L. Luce, the high Tammany man for the two places on the Supreme Court in the First District, by 23,000 votes—by 17,751 in Manhattan and over 4,000 in the Bronx.

Even more marked is the showing of the Republican organization in Brooklyn. There Mr. Hearst can claim not the slightest shred of credit so far as the local ticket was concerned. Possibly as good a gauge of the representative strength of the two organizations as may be gained lies in the vote on the office of District Attorney, which was a straight party fight. There District Attorney Harry E. Lewis defeated his Democratic opponent, John B. Johnston, by a plurality of 71,717.

Of course the vote for Representative Reuben L. Haskell, Republican candidate for one of the two County Judgeships, cannot be considered in any attempt to gauge sentiment on Republican and Democratic principles. There the prohibition issue dominated.

His victory of 74,486 over his nearest Democratic opponent, the result of a combination loss of thousands of Republican votes and the addition of many more thousand Democratic votes, means only that Kings County is overwhelmingly in favor of his proposition that the prohibition amendment to the Constitution should not have been passed without a nation wide referendum, and that such a referendum should be had now on its repeal.

But there could be no clearer measure of the straight Republican and Democratic vote than in the vote on Judge Norman S. Dike, Republican, who was selected to the second judgeship. He won over Daniel J. Griffin, the high Democrat, by about 65,000.

In Queens a Democratic plurality of 28,000 for Smith last year was cut down to less than 2,000 for Moran. The Republican organization in that county did better locally than at any time since consolidation. For the first time since the office was created the Republicans elected two Municipal Court Justices. For several years the Assembly and Senate delegation from Queens has been Democratic. This year the Republicans captured one of the two Senate districts and elected four of the six Assemblymen. The Senate fight was in a bye-election. While in Richmond the Democrats saved their two Assembly seats, the plurality of 6,466 given to Gov. Smith was whittled down this year to only 2,700 for Moran.

Democratic Disintegration Bared.

The measure of Democratic disintegration in Manhattan may be shown by the fact that while the Republicans this year have only five of the twenty-three Assemblymen, on Tuesday they elected seven. Their Aldermanic delegation was increased to eleven.

This year the Republicans in Kings county had a total of just three out of twenty-three Assemblymen. On Tuesday they took a majority of the delegation, thirteen, the Socialists getting one and the Democrats 9. The Republicans also elected thirteen out of twenty-four Aldermen in Brooklyn.

How widespread the Democratic disaster may be graphically shown by the following table giving the number of Assembly districts carried by the leading candidates in each borough on Tuesday, compared with the districts carried by Governor Smith a year ago:

	Man.	Bronx.	B'n.	Queens.	Rich.
Smith, D.	12	8	2	6	3
Whitman, R.	1	0	2	0	0
La Guardia, R.	12	0	15	3	1

ZENITH
CARBURATOR

Has Proven Its Worth

Its design is correct in theory and it is constructed on the same principles characteristic of the Zenith as it was in 1911. By 1911 the Zenith had become the acknowledged leader in Europe. Today it is the acknowledged leader among American built carburetors. The first automobile manufacturer to adopt Zenith carburetors in the United States still uses them as standard equipment on his cars. You who are having trouble with your carburetor will do well to follow the lead of the automobile manufacturers who have found "The Zenith" best suited for their requirements. It takes care of the present low grade gasoline. Its exchange proposition makes it easy.

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JAMES C. NICHOLS, INC.
1671 B'way, Corner 52d St.
CHICAGO, ILL.

Moran, D.	9	8	7	8	5
Quail, D.	2	2	1	3	0
Newburger, R.	15	3	1	0	0
Luce, D.	6	0	0	0	0
Udwin, D.	2	0	0	0	0
McCook, R.	0	0	0	0	0
Curran, R.	13	11	11	11	11
Boyle, R.	11	11	11	11	11
Haskell, R.	11	11	11	11	11
Dike, R.	11	11	11	11	11
Griffin, D.	11	11	11	11	11
Nash, D.	11	11	11	11	11
Lewis, R.	11	11	11	11	11
Johnston, D.	11	11	11	11	11

There were two places to be filled in the Supreme Court here. This table shows the districts in which each candidate was high man. Mr. McCook, although he was high man in none of the Assembly districts due to the large vote of Justice Newburger, was elected because he ran a good second in thirteen of the districts in Manhattan and in six in The Bronx.

Two places were filled on the County Court bench here. While Judge Dike ran first, or ahead of Mr. Haskell, his Republican colleague, in only seven of the districts, he ran second in eleven.

There are twenty-three Assembly districts in Manhattan, twenty-three in Brooklyn, eight in The Bronx, six in Queens and two in Richmond.

That the opposition to the League of Nations covenant and the Wilson Administration in general cut deeply is indicated by the fact that the Democrats lost heavily in the Irish and purely American districts throughout the city. In Charles F. Murphy's own district, the Twelfth, Moran got a plurality of only 4,490, while Smith won by over 11,000 last year. In the First district Thomas P. Foley, veteran Tammany leader, could do no better for Moran than a plurality of 8,000, while he carried it for Smith by 9,000 a year ago.

Privately Tammany men and Democrats in general after an analysis of the vote insist that their defeat must be attributed to the general unpopularity of the Wilson Administration. Some add that the resentment against the present Democratic leadership in this city had something to do with it, but they do not credit much of the result to this, outside of the victory of Justice Joseph E. Newburger for the Supreme Court.

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DECEIT CHARGED IN MRS. SHONTS'S PLEA

Violated Agreement in Getting
Administration Order, As-
serts Surrogate.

HER REMOVAL DEMANDED

Must Appear in Court Tuesday
to Fight Lawyers of Mrs.
Thomas.

Cornelius J. Sullivan, counsel for the executors under the will of Theodore P. Shonts, who was president of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, filed an application in the Surrogate's Court yesterday for the removal of Mrs. Milla D. Shonts, widow, as temporary administratrix of the estate.

Surrogate Fowler signed an order directing Mrs. Shonts to show cause on Tuesday morning in the Surrogate's Court why she should not be removed. This order says "it appears from the petition of De Lancey Nicoll, one of the executors, that the order granting temporary administration was obtained as a result of the practice of deception upon this court by the said Milla D. Shonts and as a result of the violation of an understanding between the attorneys for all parties interested in decedent's estate."

As the matter now stands, Mrs. Shonts has filed a petition stating that she could find no will and is desirous of conserving the assets of her husband's estate. Upon this application she was appointed temporary administratrix.

The order to show cause why her letters should not be cancelled was served upon Mrs. Shonts in her residence, 170 Park avenue. She declined to comment on it.

Mrs. Thomas, the residuary legatee under the Shonts will, is said to be visiting friends on Long Island.

STRIKING PRINTERS FLOCKING TO WORK

Pressmen Stamping From
Outlaw Unions and Large
Plants Will Reopen.

SECESSIONISTS BARRED

Loyal Unions Accuse Bagley of
Pique for Defeat as Coun-
cil's Secretary.

The strike which has tied up the job and book printing trade in New York for six weeks has been broken by the decision of the local pressmen to make peace with their international union.

To-morrow morning some of the largest printing plants in the city will resume operations. Among them are the Schenker Press, Butterick, Federal, Isaac Goldman, Brooklyn Daily Eagle, C. J. O'Brien, DeVine and Carey plants. These concerns have reemployed many of their old men.

Although the members of Pressmen's Union No. 51 voted Friday night not to reaffiliate with the international union unless they were taken back as a unit, they stamped yesterday and all day long there was a line of men waiting at the international headquarters, 150 Nassau street, to take out union cards. The international office remained open until midnight and will be open all day today.

More than 600 pressmen had signed at 8 o'clock, making a total of 1,650, the international officials said. They also reported that 200 press feeders, members of the secession union No. 23, returned yesterday.

The feeders, however, voted down a

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